

UNIVERSITY OF
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Air Quality Assessment at University Hospitals Birmingham NHS Foundation Trust – a WM- Air Case Study

PROGRAMME TEAM

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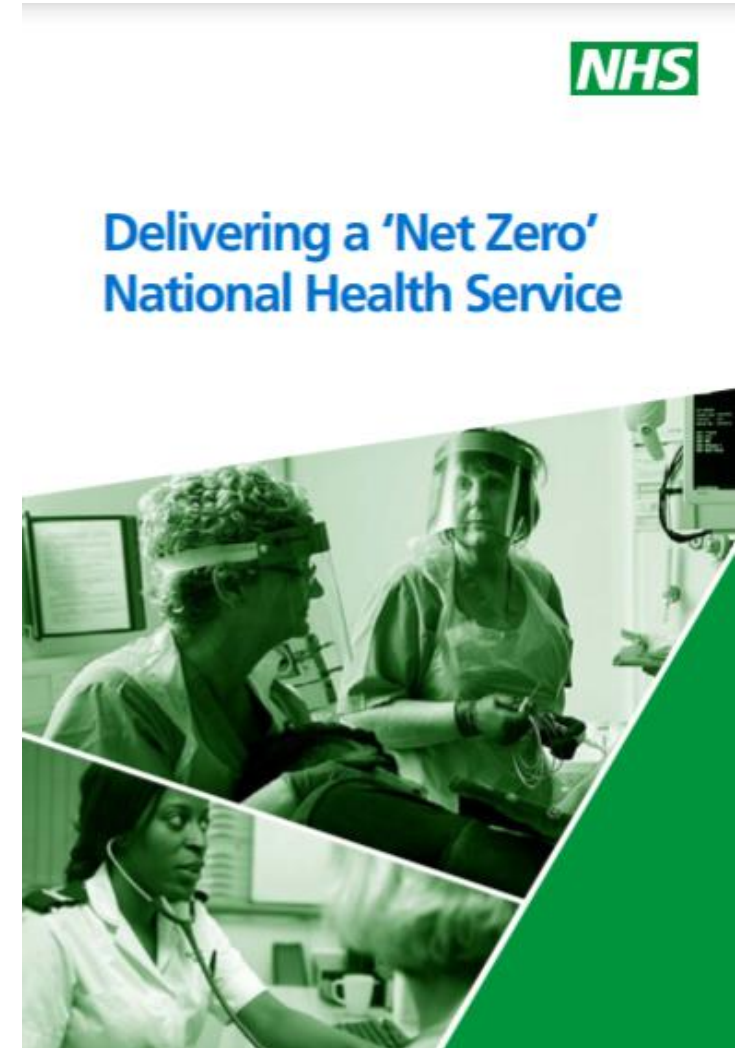
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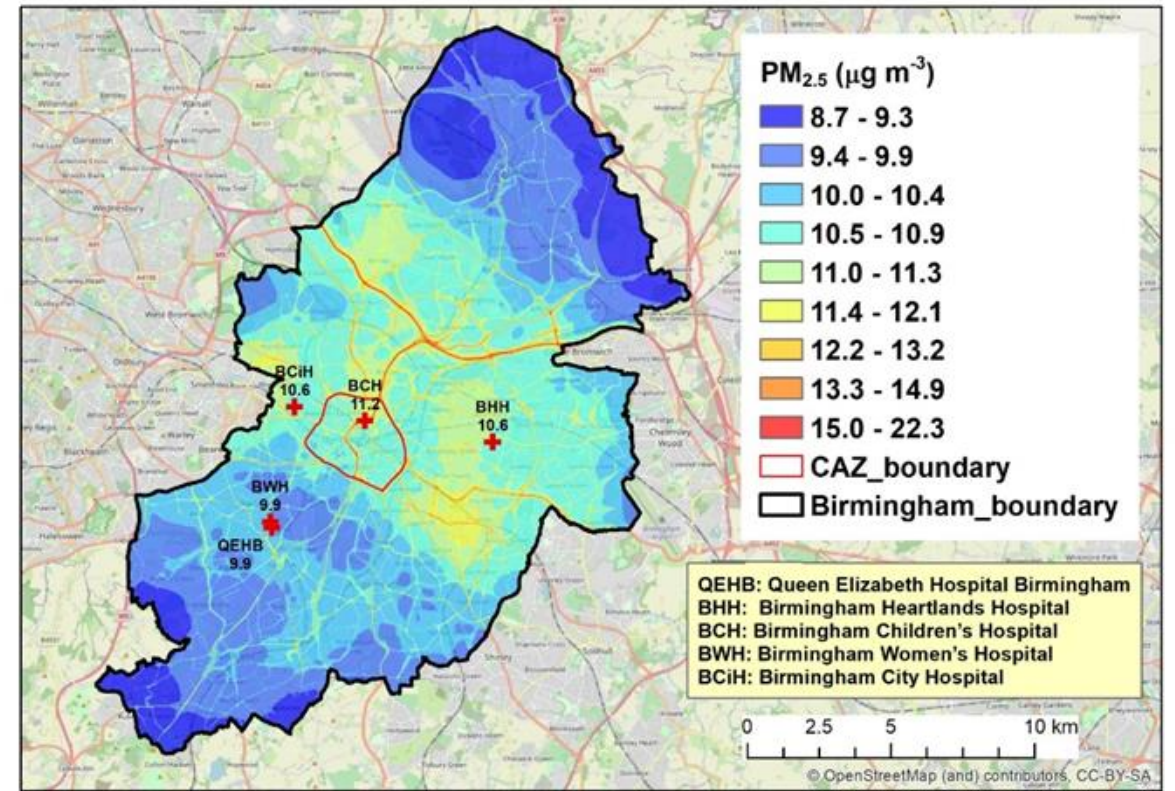
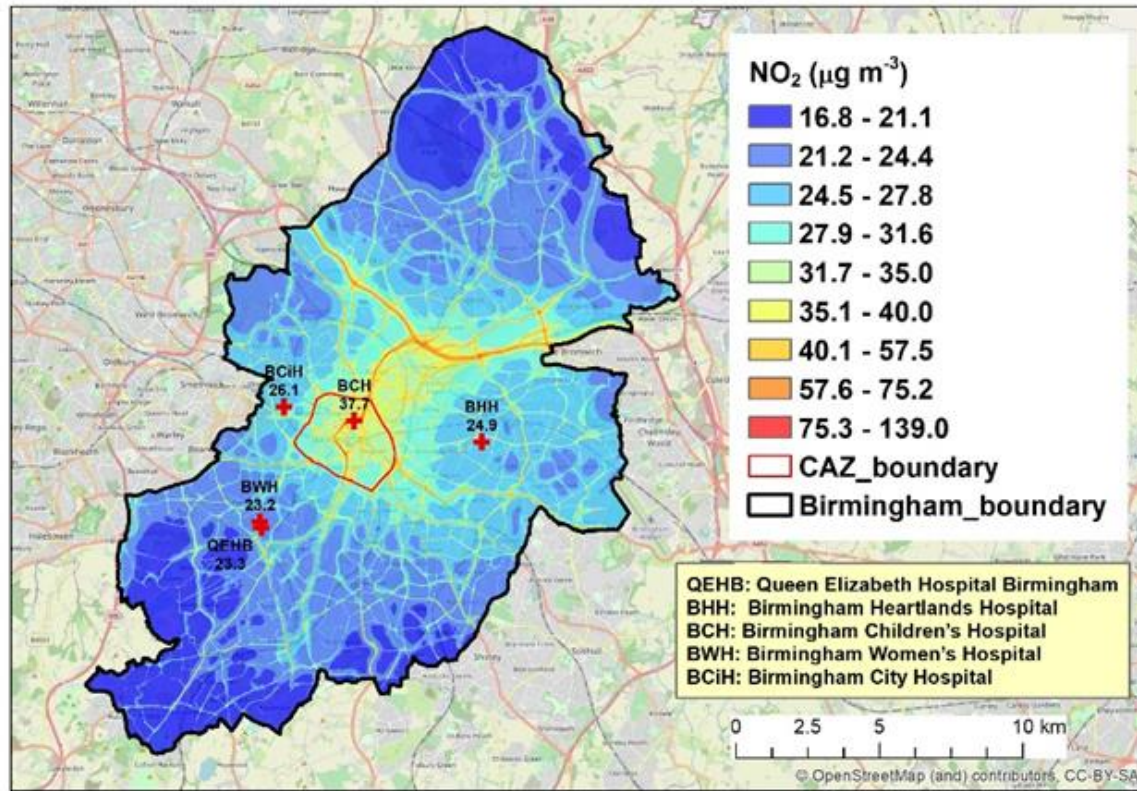
WM-AIR
CLEAN AIR SCIENCE FOR
THE WEST MIDLANDS



UHB NHSFT Case Study – Policy Context



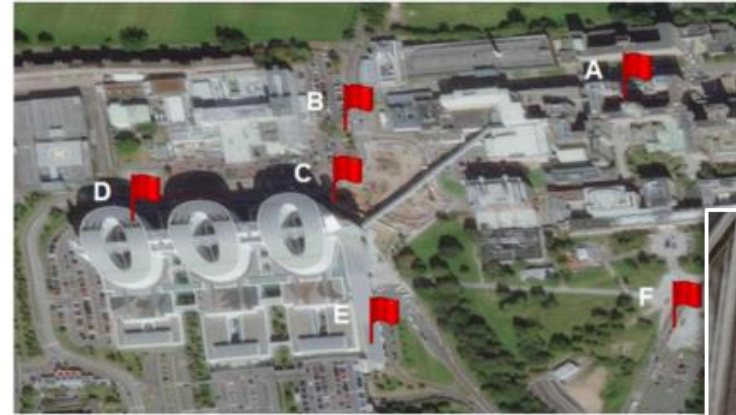
Birmingham – NHS Acute Trust locations



Air Quality Monitoring – Nitrogen Dioxide (NO₂)

- Pilot study at QEHB found high (>40 ug/m³) NO₂ concentrations (winter 2019)
- Triplicate NO₂ diffusion tubes deployed at QEHB and Heartlands Hospital sites

Queen Elizabeth Hospital

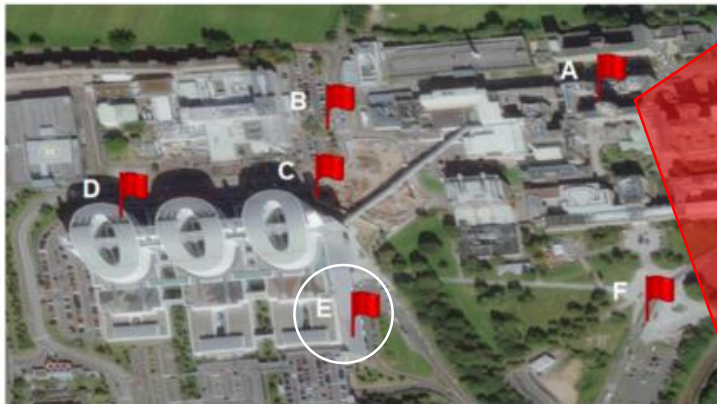


Heartlands Hospital



WM-Air NO₂ Monitoring at UHB Trust Sites

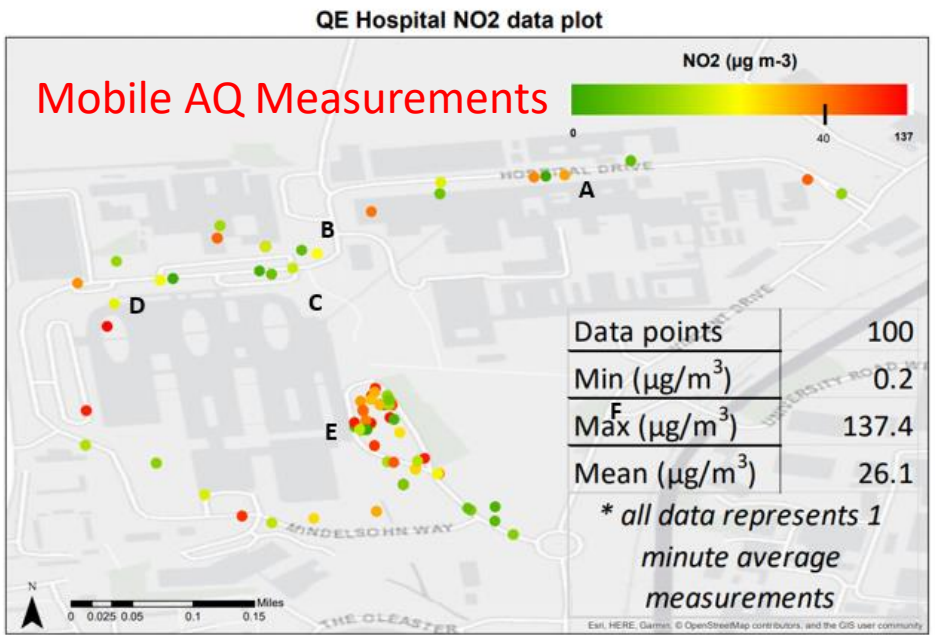
Queen Elizabeth Hospital



NO₂ Diffusion Tubes

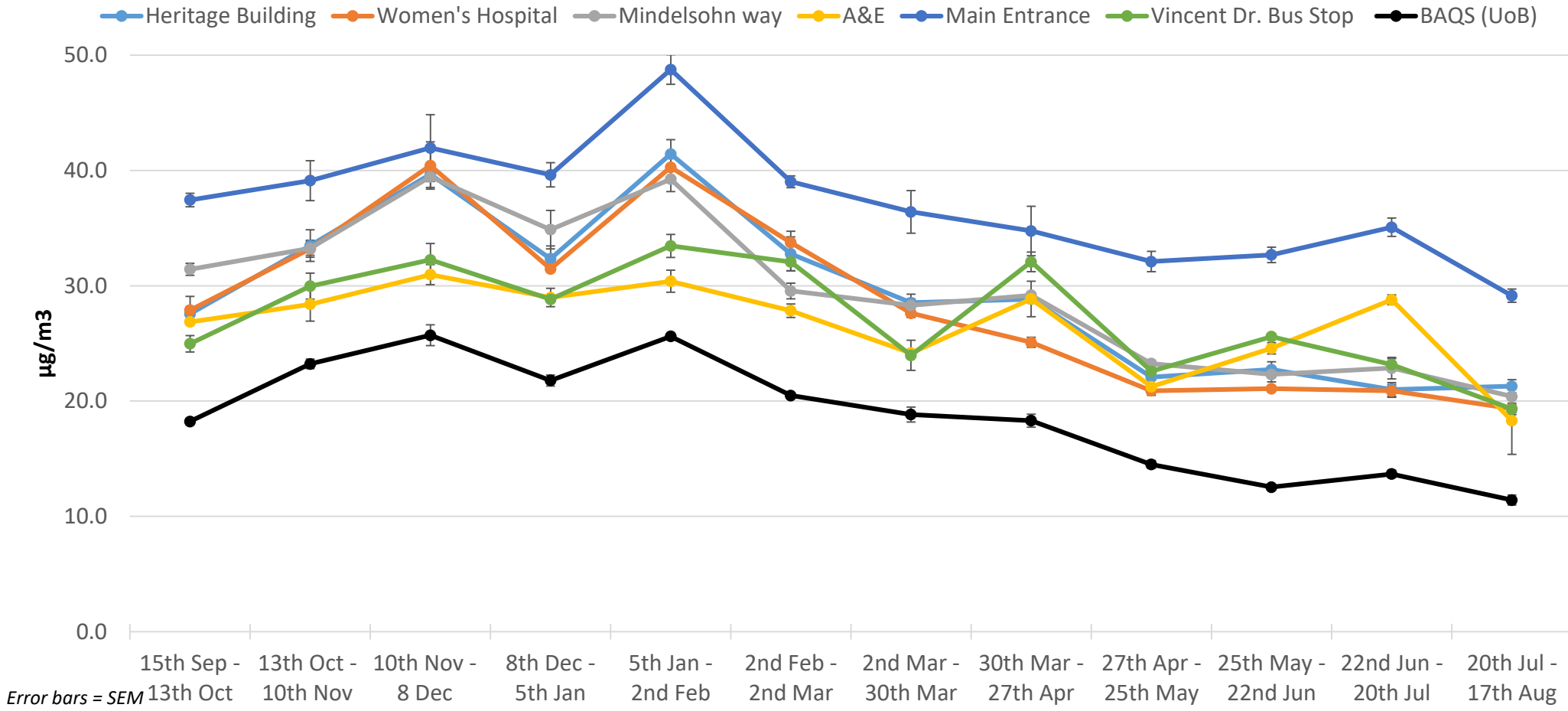


Heartlands Hospital



- NO₂ diffusion tube monitoring at QEHB and HH (Aug 2020 – Jan 2021); Mobile AQ measurements every fortnight at QEHB (2019-2020).
- High spatial variation in NO₂ concentrations recorded across the different sites
- NO₂ Hotspots:
 - **Main Entrance at QEHB:** average $39.5 \mu\text{g m}^{-3}$ - very busy location for hospital/private/public vehicles often idling when dropping off/collecting visitors;
 - **Gynaecology/near A&E at HH:** – average $40.5 \mu\text{g m}^{-3}$ - near the A&E entrance and close to ambulance and private vehicle drop-off areas.
- The interim NO₂ diffusion tube data suggests that they can be a reliable, low-cost, indicator to track month-on-month (4-week) changes in NO₂.

Queen Elizabeth Hospital – Annual NO₂ Trend

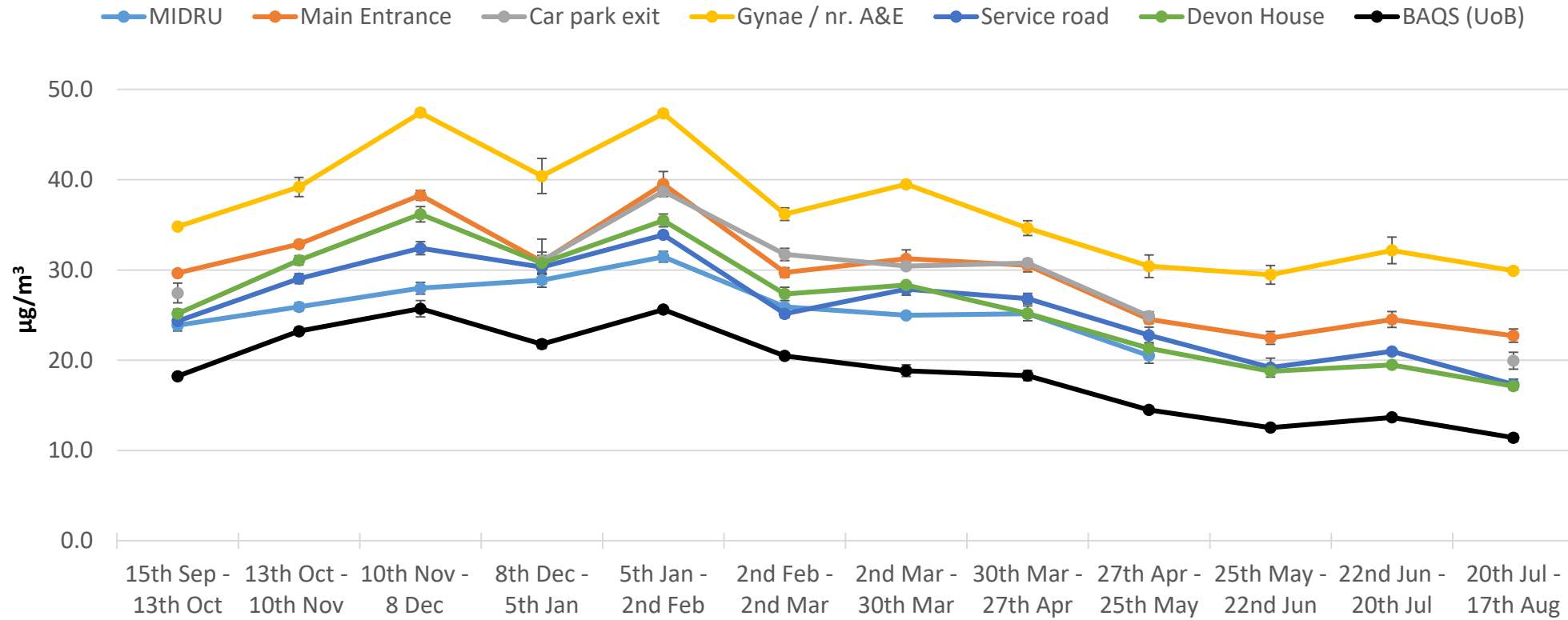


*Main Entrance is statistically significantly **higher** than all other sites at P <0.01

*BAQS is statistically significantly **lower** than all other sites at P <0.01

Error bars = SEM

Heartlands Hospital – Annual NO₂ Trend

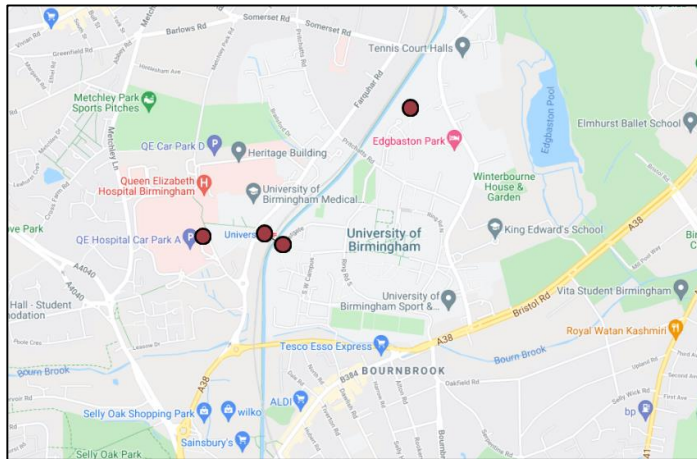


*Gynae/ nr. A&E is statistically significantly **higher** than all other sites at P <0.05

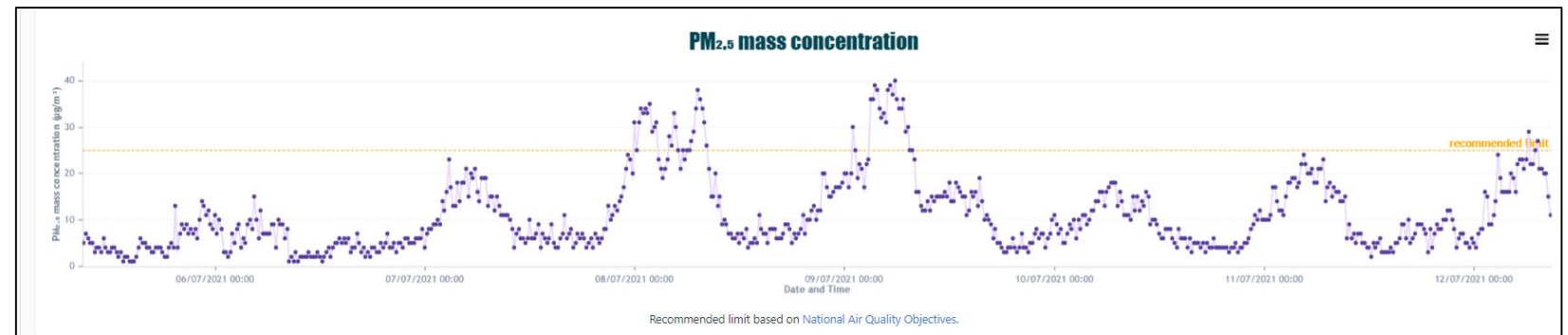
Error bars = SEM

WM-Air PM Monitoring at Acute Trust Sites

- Consistent evidence links Particulate Matter (PM) exposure with increased risk of adverse chronic and acute health outcomes (e.g., asthma, stroke Coronary Heart Disease, lung cancer)
- WM-Air (in collaboration with the Birmingham Urban Observatory) has deployed PM sensors at QEH (main entrance), University Station, Birmingham Children's Hospital and Birmingham Women's Hospital
- PM sensors may also be used to assess indoor air quality



PM sensor map (QEH & University Station)



Real-time PM_{2.5} concentrations at QRH Main Entrance (5-12 July 2021)

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Identifying and Evaluating Air Quality Actions at the Queen Elizabeth Hospital, Birmingham (Owain Simpson)

Aim: To provide University Hospitals Birmingham NHSFT with a well-evidenced and prioritised set of clean air actions

- Reduce UHB NHSFT operational contributions to air pollution
- Protect patients, staff and local communities from air pollution exposure

Supervisors:

Dr Mark Elliot (*WMG*), **Dr Suzanne Bartington** (*WMAir*) and **Phillippa Hentsch** (*UHB*)

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Clean Air Hospital Framework Evaluation - Key Findings

- **Changing behaviours and organisational structures** should be the immediate focus
- **Significant barriers** to estate related changes are **cost and the third party provider.**
- Actions targeting **energy production and capital investment are likely to reduce carbon usage** with potential co-benefits for air quality.
- Resourced time is necessary for **implementing the actions recommended,** with **specialised roles in focus areas**

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WM-Air and UHB NHSFT – Next Steps

- Analysis of PM datasets (e.g., weather correction)
- Air quality modelling for specified scenarios
- Integration of air quality and site activity data
- Evaluation of Clean Air Hospital Framework actions
- Assessment of climate/clean air co-benefits
- Sharing of air quality monitoring protocols and best practice